

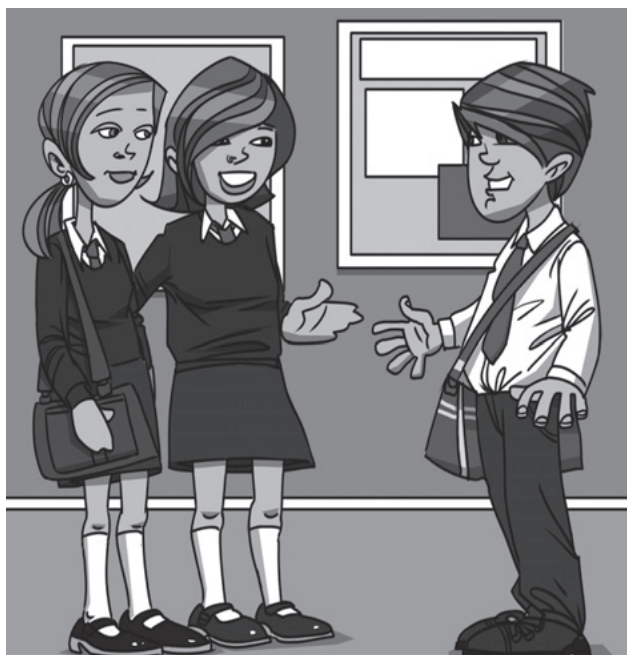
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Starter Unit

Meeting people

- 1 ★ Put the sentences in the correct order to make a conversation.



- ___ **Karen and Jackie:** See you later!
 ___ **Jackie:** Hi Pete. Nice to meet you.
 ___ **Pete:** Hello. I'm Pete.
 1 **Karen:** This is my friend. Her name's Jackie.
 ___ **Pete:** You too. Well, I have to go.
 ___ **Pete:** Yes, bye!
 ___ **Karen:** Hi. My name's Karen. What's your name?

Routines

- 2 ★ Complete the daily activities. Use the words in the box. Then number the activities in the order you do them every day.

go (x2) do wake get have (x3)

- ___ lunch
 ___ to bed
 ___ up
 ___ breakfast
 1 wake up
 ___ to school
 ___ homework
 ___ dinner

Free-time activities

- 3 ★★ Write the activities under the pictures. Use *do*, *go*, *play*, *read*, *sing*, or *watch*.



play basketball



Wh- questions

- 4 ★ Complete the questions with the words in the box.

What Where When How
How old Who Whose

- 1 How old were you when you started playing tennis?
- 2 _____ did you go after school yesterday?
- 3 _____ is that girl over there?
- 4 _____ are you doing?
- 5 _____ phone number is this?
- 6 _____ did you go to Colombia?
- 7 _____ do you switch on this tablet?
I can't find the power button.

Prepositions

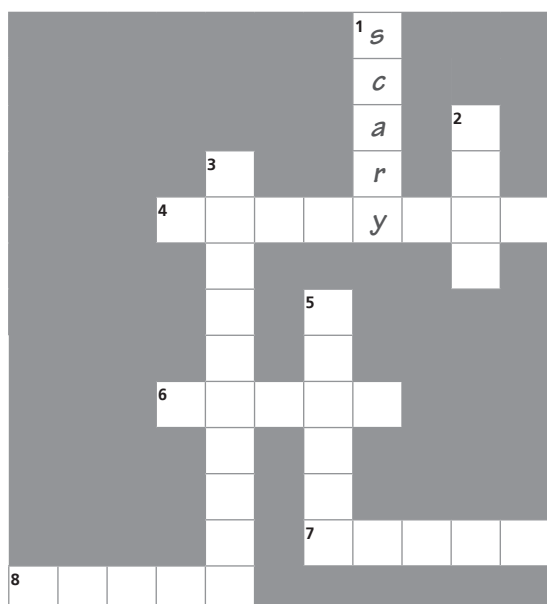
- 5 ★ Complete the sentences with the prepositions in the box.

between of near in front of until over

- 1 I was up until 3 am trying to finish my project.
- 2 There's someone waiting _____ the door.
- 3 _____ five people were injured in the accident.
- 4 She lives _____ her son's college.
- 5 The distance _____ the two cities is short.
- 6 This is a picture _____ my grandparents when they were young.

Adjectives

- 6 ★ Use the clues to complete the crossword.



Across

- 4 makes you angry
- 6 strange
- 7 fantastic
- 8 makes you laugh

Down

- 1 makes you want to run away
- 2 someone that will help you
- 3 someone that doesn't like you
- 5 opposite of interesting

Comparative and superlative adjectives

- 7 ★ Circle the correct options.

- 1 This film is much more / most frightening than that one.
- 2 What's the easiest / easier subject at school?
- 3 Many people think Real Madrid are better / best than all other football teams.
- 4 Playing a sport is much more / most exciting than watching one!
- 5 You can move more fast / faster in a city by motorbike than by car.
- 6 Dubai has got the taller / tallest building in the world.

Adverbs

- 8 ★ Complete the sentences with the adverb form of the adjectives in brackets.

- 1 I learned the song easily (easy) because I had a good teacher.
- 2 Jack draws very _____ (good). He's a very good artist.
- 3 That app is difficult to use. Read the instructions _____ (careful).
- 4 They walked _____ (slow) on the beach in the evening sun.
- 5 My dad plays basketball _____ (bad). He can't get the ball into the basket!
- 6 I chatted _____ (happy) for an hour with my friend Lola last night.
- 7 We should talk _____ (quiet) because my little brother's asleep.
- 8 Grace did her homework _____ (quick) because she wanted to watch TV.

Comparative and superlative adverbs

9 ★★ Write sentences with the comparative or superlative forms of the adverbs.

- Harry / learned / swim / easily / me
Harry learned to swim more easily than me.
- The man / ran / quickly / the police

- They / played / the sad songs / quietly

- He / spoke / slowly / than / the first time

- My dad / drives / carefully / of all the family

- Lydia / writes / good / me

Past simple

10 ★ Circle the correct words in the table.

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1 | In the past simple we add <i>-ed</i> or <i>-d</i> to the infinitive in regular / irregular verbs. |
| 2 | To form negatives, we put <i>didn't</i> + infinitive / past form . |
| 3 | To form questions, we put <i>Did</i> + subject + infinitive / past form . |
| 4 | We form negatives and questions of irregular verbs in the same / a different way . |

11 ★★ Complete the text. Use the past simple form of the verbs in brackets.

Last year I ¹ had (have) a terrible experience when a shark ² _____ (attack) me. That day I ³ _____ (not see) the red danger flag at the beach, so I ⁴ _____ (decide) to go surfing. Suddenly I ⁵ _____ (hear) someone shouting, and the next minute I ⁶ _____ (see) the shark a few metres away from me. I ⁷ _____ (jump) off my surfboard, the shark ⁸ _____ (open) its mouth, and I ⁹ _____ (hit) it hard on the nose. The surfboard ¹⁰ _____ (break) in half. I don't know why, but the shark ¹¹ _____ (not attack) me again. It ¹² _____ (swim) away very fast. How lucky!



12 ★★ Write questions for a local politician. Use the prompts and the past simple.

- What problems / the town / have?
What problems did the town have?
- So / you / build flood defences?

- What / you / do?

- How much / it / cost?

- Where / you / get the money?

- Why / people / start to call you a green town?

13 ★★ Complete the politician's answers. Use the verbs in the box in the past simple. Then match the answers (a–f) with the questions in Exercise 11.

reach decide give have move
not think be not pay

- The total ¹ reached more than \$6 million.
Question: 4
- Because we ² _____ to put solar panels on all the new buildings. We ³ _____ the first green town in the USA!
Question: _____
- We ⁴ _____ terrible floods every two or three years because the town was by the river.
Question: _____
- No, the experts ⁵ _____ that normal protection could stop the floods.
Question: _____
- The town ⁶ _____ all the money. The government ⁷ _____ us \$4 million.
Question: _____
- The people of the town ⁸ _____ all the houses and shops up the hill!
Question: _____

- 14 ★★** It is 8 o'clock in the evening. Look at the table and write sentences in the past simple about Dylan with *ago*.

8.00 am	12.00 pm	1.00 pm	5.00 pm	7.00 pm	7.55 pm
got up	had a Maths test	have lunch	go to the park	arrive home from judo class	wash his hands

- 1 *He got up twelve hours ago.*
- 2 _____
- 3 _____
- 4 _____
- 5 _____
- 6 _____

- 15 ★★** Answer the questions. Use *ago*.

- 1 When did you start school today?
Three hours ago.
- 2 When did you last go on holiday?

- 3 When did you start to learn English?

- 4 When did you have breakfast today?

- 5 When did you last go to the park with your friends?

Explaining a problem

- 16 ★★** Match the sentences with the correct place in the conversation.

A: William, what's the matter?

B: ¹ *b*

A: Oh no! Your Maths homework?

B: ² _____

A: OK, don't panic! Where did you put it when you finished it?

B: ³ _____

A: But it's not in your bag. Is it in your Maths book?

B: ⁴ _____

A: Why not?

B: ⁵ _____

A: Well, where could it be, then?

B: ⁶ _____

A: I hope so!

a Let me think. In the classroom?
It's probably in there.

b I lost my homework.

c I'm not sure. I think I put it in my bag.

d No way!

e Yes. It took me over an hour. I don't know what to do.

f Well, for one thing. Why would I put it in my Maths book?

1

Strange stories



General and specific competences from the curriculum explored in this unit

- 1. Receive oral messages in different communication situations**
 - 1.1.** Select the main ideas from TV programmes/audio-video recorded materials related to familiar topics, when the speakers talk relatively slowly and clearly
 - 1.2.** Identify details from a regular everyday conversation, when the interlocutors rephrase or repeat certain words/phrases on demand
 - 1.3.** Identify the main ideas from a clearly spoken discussion in the standard language
 - 1.4.** Identify common aspects between your own culture and the culture of the language studied
- 2. Speak in different communication situations**
 - 2.1.** Report a happening/personal experiences
 - 2.3.** Provide responses to a suggestion using common formulas
 - 2.4.** Participate in short conversations in common contexts, on general topics
 - 2.5.** Show a positive attitude with respect to participating in a verbal exchange
- 3. Receive written messages in different communication situations**
 - 3.2.** Identify the main aspects from short articles on familiar and up-to-date topics
 - 3.3.** Identify information associated with personal experiences from various types of text (diary pages, letters, reviews, testimonies, etc.)
 - 3.4.** Identify reasons in a text
 - 3.5.** Find appropriate sources of reading and information
- 4. Write messages in different communication situations**
 - 4.3.** Present a real or imaginary event
 - 4.5.** Show a positive attitude towards participating in the exchange of written messages

Competențe generale și specifice din programa școlară exploatare în această unitate

- 1. Receptarea de mesaje orale în diverse situații de comunicare**
 - 1.1.** Selectarea principalelor idei din programe TV/ înregistrări audio-video pe teme familiare, dacă se vorbește relativ rar și cu claritate
 - 1.2.** Desprinderea semnificației dintr-o conversație obișnuită de zi cu zi atunci când interlocutorii reformulează sau repetă la cerere anumite cuvinte/expresii
 - 1.3.** Identificarea principalelor idei dintr-o discuție rostită clar în limba standard
 - 1.4.** Identificarea unor elemente comune culturii proprii și culturii studiate
- 2. Exprimarea orală în diverse situații de comunicare**
 - 2.1.** Relatarea unei întâmplări/a unor experiențe personale
 - 2.3.** Oferirea de reacții răspuns la o sugestie, folosind formule uzuale
 - 2.4.** Participarea la scurte conversații în contexte obișnuite, asupra unor subiecte generale
 - 2.5.** Manifestarea unei atitudini pozitive față de participarea la dialog și exprimarea în public
- 3. Receptarea de mesaje scrise în diverse situații de comunicare**
 - 3.2.** Identificarea aspectelor principale din articole scurte pe teme familiare și de actualitate
 - 3.3.** Identificarea informațiilor asociate unor experiențe personale din diverse tipuri de text (pagini de jurnal, scrisori, recenzii, mărturii etc.)
 - 3.4.** Identificarea motivelor dintr-un text
 - 3.5.** Căutarea de surse adecvate de lectură și de informare
- 4. Redactarea de mesaje în diverse situații de comunicare**
 - 4.3.** Prezentarea în scris a unui eveniment real sau imaginar
 - 4.5.** Manifestarea unei atitudini pozitive față de participarea la schimbul de mesaje scrise

1

Strange stories

Vocabulary

Action verbs

- 1 ★ Find nine more action verbs in the word search. Write them under the correct picture.

t	h	r	o	w	o	s	f	h	e
f	a	l	l	o	v	e	r	i	g
c	h	a	u	c	o	r	c	d	k
a	k	t	j	e	s	g	h	e	s
t	p	r	u	n	a	w	a	y	t
c	l	i	m	b	m	t	s	e	e
h	e	i	p	o	n	e	e	i	a
b	r	e	a	k	i	n	t	o	l



1 throw



2 _____



3 _____



4 _____



5 _____



6 _____



7 _____



8 _____



9 _____



10 _____

- 2 ★★ Complete the sentences with the past simple form of the verbs from Exercise 1.

- He threw the empty bottle in the bin.
- I didn't see the bag on the floor so I _____ it.
- They _____ their friend across the park.
- The police _____ the thieves at the airport with all the money.
- My sister _____ Mont Blanc last summer. It's 4,810m high!
- When I saw the big dog, I _____. It was enormous!
- He _____ one million dollars from the bank.
- The thief _____ out of the window.
- My little brother _____ my mobile phone under the sofa for a joke. It wasn't funny.
- Two thieves _____ his home.

- 3 ★★★ Complete the story with the correct form of the words in Exercise 1.

Why did my English teacher ¹ chase me around the school? There was no time to think. 'You can't ² _____ me,' I said! I ³ _____ out of the window into the playground and ⁴ _____ away. I tried to jump over the PE teacher's bicycle but it was too high and I ⁵ _____ over and hurt my leg. I got up quickly, went to the car park and ⁶ _____ behind the French teacher's car. The English teacher ⁷ _____ on to the car next me and ⁸ _____ his books at me. He was shouting my name: 'Justin! Justin!' You ⁹ _____ my safe and ¹⁰ _____ the school fund! Come back here! Then I woke up ... in my English class. The teacher smiled at me and said, 'You fell asleep, Justin!'

- 4 ★★★ Write five sentences with the verbs in Exercise 1 about you or someone you know.

When I was six, I fell over some books in my bedroom.

Language focus 1

Past continuous

1 ★ Complete the table.

	I / he / she / it	you / we / they
+	I ¹ <u>was</u> running away.	We ⁶ _____ hiding.
-	He ² _____ running away.	They ⁷ _____ hiding.
?	³ _____ she running away? Yes, she ⁴ _____. No, she ⁵ _____.	⁸ _____ they hiding? Yes, they ⁹ _____. No, they ¹⁰ _____.

2 ★★ Look at the picture and write sentences.



When the object appeared in the sky ...

- ... we / play / football in the garden
We were playing football in the garden.
- ... my friend / catch / a ball

- ... my sister / climb / a tree

- ... my mum / talk / to a friend on the phone

- ... a car / drive / down the street

- ... our dog / chase / the car

- ... my neighbour / cut / the grass

- ... the police officers / help / an old lady

Past continuous questions

3 ★★ Complete the detective's questions with the words in the box and the past continuous. Then complete the short answers.

the men / carry you and your friends / play
the woman / wear you / watch the man / drive

- Was the woman wearing glasses?
No, she wasn't.
- _____ TV at nine o'clock?
Yes, _____.
- _____ a big box?
No, _____.
- _____ the car?
No, _____. It was the woman.
- _____ football?
Yes, _____. In the park.

4 ★★★ Write questions with the past continuous. Answer them for you.

- What / you / wear / yesterday?
What were you wearing yesterday?
I was wearing a red T-shirt and black jeans.
- What / you / do / at eight o'clock / this morning?

- Who / you / talk to / on the phone / all afternoon?

- you / listen to music / an hour ago?

Explore Phrasal verbs with look

5 ★★ Match the sentence beginnings (1–5) with the sentence endings (a–e).

- | | |
|--|----------|
| 1 Tom was looking after his little brother | <u>c</u> |
| 2 I was looking in the kitchen window | _____ |
| 3 Lydia was looking for her mobile phone | _____ |
| 4 We were looking at some photos | _____ |
| 5 Some people say I look like my mum | _____ |
| a when we saw something really funny. | |
| b when I saw my mum drop the cake. | |
| c because his parents were at work. | |
| d but other people say I look like my dad. | |
| e when she found some money. | |

Listening and vocabulary

Adverbs of manner

1 ★ Write the adverbs for the adjectives below.

- 1 careful carefully
- 2 easy _____
- 3 good _____
- 4 happy _____
- 5 quick _____
- 6 quiet _____
- 7 bad _____
- 8 slow _____

2 ★★ Complete the sentences with the adverbs from Exercise 1.

- 1 The weather is bad so drive slowly .
- 2 We played very _____ so the other team won.
- 3 He saw a big elephant so he ran away _____ .
- 4 The mountain was very high so we walked up it _____ .
- 5 I did _____ in my exam because I studied a lot.
- 6 We spoke _____ so nobody could hear us.
- 7 I was listening to music quite _____ until I remembered my homework!
- 8 It wasn't a high wall so we climbed over it _____ .

3 ★★★ Complete the sentences with the adverbs from Exercise 1.

- 1 It wasn't difficult to pass the exam.
I passed the exam easily .
- 2 We didn't drive fast.
We drove _____ .
- 3 We weren't being noisy.
We were talking very _____ .
- 4 I'm not very good at playing the guitar.
I play the guitar _____ .
- 5 He wasn't sad when he was singing.
He was singing _____ .
- 6 They are very good at volleyball.
They play volleyball very _____ .

Listening

4 ★ 01 Listen to Vicky talking to her friend Mel about a book. What kind of book is it?

Circle the correct option.

- a an adventure book
- b a travel book
- c a science-fiction story

5 ★★ 01 Listen again and choose the correct answers.

- 1 Vicky said sorry because ...
a she was late.
b she didn't go to Mel's house yesterday.
- 2 The name of the book was ...
a *The Thief Lord*.
b *Cornelia Funke*.
- 3 It was a good book so Vicky ...
a was reading until six o'clock.
b didn't stop until the end.
- 4 Prosper and Bo ran away ...
a to stay together.
b to find their mother.
- 5 They went to Venice because ...
a it was their mother's favourite place.
b they knew some children there.
- 6 The Thief Lord took things from ...
a Barbarossa.
b people with a lot of money.
- 7 Vicky says she liked the story because it was ...
a surprising.
b magical.
- 8 Vicky doesn't tell Mel the end of the story because ...
a it's very complicated.
b she wants Mel to read the book.



Language focus 2

Past simple vs. continuous

1 ★ Match the parts of the sentences to make rules.

- 1 We use the past simple
- 2 We use the past continuous
- a to talk about an action that was in progress in the past.
- b to talk about a short, finished action in the past.

2 ★★ Circle the correct options in the story.



An Italian man ¹ looked / was looking at a painting on the wall in his father's kitchen. The painting looked like something he once ² saw / was seeing in a book about the famous French painter Paul Gauguin. His father ³ told / was telling him he found the painting many years ago on a train when he ⁴ travelled / was travelling to Paris. His son read about the painting on the Internet and ⁵ found out / was finding out that it was really a painting by Gauguin. The police discovered the interesting story behind the painting. A man ⁶ went / was going to an old lady's house to clean the windows. While the old lady ⁷ made / was making some tea, the man took the painting off the wall and ⁸ left / was leaving the house quietly. While he ⁹ sat / was sitting on the train, he realised he ¹⁰ didn't know / wasn't knowing what to do with the painting so he left it carefully on the seat.

could(n't)

3 ★ Complete the sentences with the words in the box.

could past couldn't subject

- 1 We use *could* and *couldn't* + infinitive without *to* to talk about ability in the _____.
- 2 Questions: *Could* + _____ + infinitive?
- 3 Short answers: Yes, she _____. No, they _____.

4 ★★ Complete the conversation with *could* or *couldn't*.

- A:** What's the Loch Ness monster?
B: Well, in Scotland there's a lake called Loch Ness. They say a monster lives in the lake but nobody ¹ could find it.
A: Why do they think there's a monster in the lake?
B: Well, someone took a photo in 1937. In the photo you ² _____ see a long neck and a head above the water. And there's a video from 2007 as well. A man said he ³ _____ see something long and black in the water but he ⁴ _____ see what it was. Scientists spent many years looking in the lake but they ⁵ _____ find anything.
A: Are there any other photos of it?
B: Well, a man was looking at maps on his computer in 2014 and said he ⁶ _____ see something in a photo of the lake.
A: I'd like to go there.
B: You ⁷ _____ go there because it's in Scotland and you hate the cold!

Past simple, past continuous and *could*

5 ★★★ Read the conversation and write questions with the past simple, past continuous or *could*.

Policeman:	¹ <u>What were you doing when you saw the light?</u>
Man:	I was driving.
Policeman:	² _____
Man:	Because I was going home.
Policeman:	³ _____
Man:	Well, I couldn't see much, only a very big object and bright lights.
Policeman:	⁴ _____
Man:	No, I didn't see anyone else.

Explore nouns with -er

6 ★★ Write the names of the people with -er.

- 1 I live on an island. islander
- 2 I take photos. _____
- 3 I work on a farm. _____
- 4 I explore new places. _____
- 5 I build things. _____
- 6 I'm shopping. _____
- 7 I'm swimming. _____
- 8 I paint. _____

Reading

1 ★ Read the article. What was in the water?

A plane **CRASH?**

In March 2014, islanders on Gran Canaria were looking at the sea when they saw a big yellow object. It was long, with a yellow tail and it was in the water near the **coast**. They called the emergency services – the police, ambulances and the coast guard.

The emergency services told the newspapers that a plane was in the Atlantic Ocean about one kilometre from the coast of Gran Canaria.

At about 3 pm, the BBC and other TV channels around the world began to **report** that a Boeing 737 **crashed** into the sea. Workers in the **control tower** at the airport in Gran Canaria **confirmed** the reports: 'We are missing a plane!' one airport worker said. Another plane that was flying over the area also saw the plane in the water.

A helicopter and a boat went out to sea to rescue the passengers but when they arrived, they found nothing. There was only a large tugboat – a boat that pulls other boats across the sea.

Finally, the emergency services confirmed the **false alarm**. It was not a plane – just a boat that looked a bit like a plane. Nobody knows what happened to the 'missing plane' from the airport!



2 ★★ Match the words in bold with the definitions.

- 1 A building at an airport where they watch planes. control tower
- 2 To say that something was definitely true. _____
- 3 The land near the sea. _____
- 4 When someone thinks something is going to happen but it doesn't. _____
- 5 Give information about something. _____
- 6 When a car, plane or train hits something else. _____

3 ★★★ Read the text again and put the events in the correct order.

- a They found a tugboat. _____
- b They called the emergency services. _____
- c A helicopter and a boat went to the plane. _____
- d TV channels said a plane was in the sea. _____
- e People saw a plane in the sea. 1
- f Airport workers said a plane was missing. _____

4 ★★★ Do you know any stories about false alarms? Can you invent one? Write five sentences.

Writing

A story

1 Read the story. What did Mr James do?



One day last year, a homeless man, Glen James, found a bag in the door of a shop while he was walking around a shopping centre in Boston.

At first, he didn't know what to do, but when he opened the bag he saw it had \$40,000 in it so then he took it to the police. Many people thought that Mr James did a wonderful thing. Later, a website decided to raise money to help Mr James because he had no home or job. Finally, they raised over \$140,000 from people all over the world. Mr James said 'I'm really surprised and so happy. This is going to change my life.'

2 Read the story again. Answer the questions.

- 1 What was Glen James doing when he found the bag? _____
- 2 What was in the bag? _____
- 3 Who did Mr James give the bag to? _____
- 4 How much did the website raise for Mr James? _____

Useful language

Sequencing language 1 _____

3 Look back at the story. Find sequencing words and phrases.

- 1 O ne day _____
- 2 w _____
- 3 A f _____
- 4 w _____
- 5 t _____
- 6 L _____
- 7 F _____

4 Complete the story with the words and phrases from Exercise 3.

¹ One day last summer a woman was walking in the park ² _____ she found a lost dog. ³ _____, she didn't know what to do because she had a sick child. She didn't think she could look after a dog and a child, so she put a poster up in her village, but nobody came to collect the dog. ⁴ _____, one afternoon ⁵ _____ she was working in her garden, the dog started to make lots of noise. She followed it into the kitchen and found her son on the floor. ⁶ _____, the doctors said her son almost died but the dog saved him before it was too late. ⁷ _____, the woman decided to keep the dog because it saved her son's life.

5 Be careful with the spelling of the past simple. Write the past simple forms of these verbs.

- | | | | |
|--------|-------------|----------|-------|
| 1 go | <u>went</u> | 6 try | _____ |
| 2 be | _____ | 7 drive | _____ |
| | _____ | 8 give | _____ |
| 3 have | _____ | 9 find | _____ |
| 4 get | _____ | 10 catch | _____ |
| 5 buy | _____ | | |

Writing

WRITING TIP

Make it better! ✓✓✓

Describe your (or the other person's) reaction or feeling when something happens.

I was really surprised when I heard the news about Grandma.

6 Complete the sentences with the words in the box.

sad frightened happy angry surprised

- When I saw the huge present, I was very surprised.
- He's _____ because his brother broke his new tablet.
- When my cat died, I felt really _____.
- I was really _____ because, finally, I found my mobile phone.
- When he saw the snake, he was very _____.

7 Read the story in Exercise 4 again and make notes about the information in the table.

when the story happened	<i>last year</i>
where the story happened	
people in the story	
what they were doing	
events of the story	
how the story ended	
the people's feelings in the story	

PLAN

- 8 Read the titles for a story below and choose one you like. Use the table in Exercise 7 and make notes. You can use your imagination or write about a true story.

A mysterious incident

A mysterious object

A mysterious person

WRITE

- 9 Write the story. Look at page 21 of the Student's Book to help you.

CHECK

- 10 Check your writing. Can you say YES to these questions?

- Is the information from Exercise 9 in your description?
- Do you describe your/the person's reaction or feelings?
- Do you use sequencing words to order the events in the story?
- Do you spell the past simple forms correctly?

Do you need to write a second draft?

1 Review

Vocabulary

Action verbs

1 Circle the correct options.

- The thief jumped / threw out of the window.
- The burglars hid / climbed over a wall.
- A neighbour ran / chased the thief into the garden.
- The thief fell over / threw and broke her arm.
- He caught / hid the money in a tree.
- He threw / chased the newspaper in the bin.
- They broke into / stole all the old lady's jewellery from the safe.

Total: 6

Adverbs of manner

2 Put the letters in order to make adjectives. Change them to adverbs to complete each sentence.

- I looked carefully for my keys. (farlecu)
- It was cold so I walked home _____. (kuqic)
- We found the address _____. (saye)
- We lost because we weren't playing _____. (ogdo)
- The baby is sleeping, so please talk _____. (tiqeu)
- It's Sam's birthday and he is singing _____. (pypah)
- Tina was very tired so she cycled _____. (oswl)
- I did very _____ in the exam. My parents were angry. (dba)

Total: 7

Language focus

Past continuous

3 Complete the interview with the correct form of the past continuous.

Detective: 1 Were you watching (watch) from the window?

Peter: Yes, I 2 _____.

Detective: What 3 _____ the men _____ (wear)?

Peter: One man 4 _____ (wear) a brown jacket.

Detective: 5 _____ he _____ (carry) anything?

Peter: Yes, he 6 _____ (carry) a black bag.

Detective: 7 _____ the men _____ (run)?

Peter: No, they 8 _____, but they 9 _____ (walk) quickly.

Total: 8

Past simple vs. past continuous

4 Circle the correct options.

- We ate / were eating dinner when the lights went / were going off.
- We slept / were sleeping when the thieves broke / were breaking into the house.
- One thief fell / was falling over while he ran / was running away.
- The police found / were finding the money while they searched / were searching the garden.
- One thief drove / was driving away in a car while the police didn't look / weren't looking.

Total: 9

could(n't)

5 Look at the pictures of Tom and complete the sentences with *could* or *couldn't* and the correct verb.



When Tom was five, he 1 could read stories, but he 2 _____. He 3 _____ a bike without any problems and he was very musical so he 4 _____ the guitar very well when he was ten, but he 5 _____ the piano. Now he's 14 and he can do all of these things. What about you?

Total: 4

Vocabulary builder

6 Circle the correct words.

- 1 After school, Danny _____ judo.
a goes **b** does c plays
- 2 I'm _____ because I want to buy a new phone.
a saving b selling c spending
- 3 I sometimes buy this magazine at the _____.
a chemist b shoe shop c newsagent
- 4 Larry talks to everybody. He's very _____.
a calm b kind c friendly.
- 5 I love animals so I'd like to be a _____.
a vet b actor c nurse
- 6 A man _____ over the wall into our garden.
a chased b climbed c caught
- 7 I did my homework _____ so I didn't make mistakes.
a carefully b easily c badly
- 8 He's got three cameras. He looks _____ a photographer.
a for b after c like
- 9 When he saw the police officers, he _____ so they couldn't find him.
a threw b hid c fell over
- 10 I _____ listening to music in my room last night.
a were b was c am

Total: 9

Language builder

7 Circle the correct words.

- Kim:** 1 _____ you watch the detective show on TV last night? It 2 _____ really good!
- Bill:** No, I 3 _____ my homework. I 4 _____ a test this morning. But I love detective shows. What 5 _____ it about?
- Kim:** A group of thieves stole 6 _____ diamonds and the police 7 _____ understand how they did it.
- Bill:** What 8 _____ in the end?
- Kim:** I don't know. The final episode is on this evening. Do you want to watch it together?
- Bill:** OK!

- 1 a Do **b** Did c Were
- 2 a was b were c did
- 3 a did b was doing c am doing
- 4 a was having b was c had
- 5 a were b was c did
- 6 a much b any c some
- 7 a weren't b couldn't c aren't
- 8 a happened b happen c was happening

Total: 7

Speaking

8 Complete the conversation with the words in the box.

next do **strange** weird did What

- A:** Something 1 strange happened yesterday.
- B:** Really? 2 _____?
- A:** Well, I was walking home through the park.
- B:** What happened 3 _____?
- A:** I fell over but I don't know how it happened. And then a boy was standing next to me and he helped me to stand up.
- B:** What 4 _____ you say?
- A:** Well, I said thanks, of course.
- B:** What did you 5 _____?
- A:** I picked up my bag and when I stood up, the boy was gone. There was nobody in the park.
- B:** That's 6 _____!

Total: 5

Total: 55



Past simple vs. past continuous

Remember that:

- we use **was** or **were** + **-ing** to talk about an action that was in progress in the past.
✓ *The dog **was chasing** the cat.*
✗ *~~The dog chasing the cat.~~*
- we use the past simple to talk about completed events and actions in the past. We never use **was** or **were** + past simple.
✓ *The dog **chased** the cat.*
✗ *~~The dog was chased the cat.~~*
- we usually use **while** with the past continuous and **when** with the past simple.
✓ *The dog **was chasing** the cat **when** the man appeared.*
✗ *~~The dog chased the cat while the man was appearing.~~*

1 Circle the correct words.

New mail

Dear Martin,

We went to the beach last weekend. Three of my cousins ¹ **were came** / **came** with us. And our dog, Charlie, of course! It ² **rained** / **was raining** when we left the house, but while we ³ **driving** / **were driving** there, the rain stopped. At first, everybody ⁴ **was wanting** / **wanted** to do different things. My parents wanted to sit and read. My cousins ⁵ **were decided** / **decided** to go swimming in the sea. We really ⁶ **enjoyed** / **were enjoyed** our day at the beach.

I hope you had a good weekend, too,
Jamie

could(n't)

Remember that:

- we use the infinitive without **to** after **could(n't)**.
✓ *The test was easy. I **could answer** all the questions.*
✗ *~~The test was easy. I could to answer all the questions.~~*
- we never use the past simple after **could(n't)**.
✓ *They **couldn't open** the door.*
✗ *~~They couldn't opened the door.~~*
- we use **could(n't)**, not **can('t)**, to talk about ability in the past.
✓ *I'm sorry you **couldn't** come to my house yesterday.*
✗ *~~I'm sorry you can't come to my house yesterday.~~*

2 Are the sentences correct? Correct the incorrect sentences.

- I can't go to the cinema last night because I was looking after my sister.
*I **couldn't** go to the cinema last night because I was looking after my sister.*
- I could hear the music but I couldn't see who was playing it.

- It was great to see you. I'm so happy that you could to come.

- We couldn't went to the beach because it was raining.

- In the past, you couldn't to travel from London to Paris by train.

- The exam was very difficult. I can't understand the questions.

Adjectives or adverbs?

Remember that:

- we use an adverb to describe a verb or an action.
✓ *He looked **carefully** at the picture.*
✗ *~~He looked careful at the picture.~~*
- we use an adjective after **be** with an imperative.
✓ ***Be careful!** That water is very hot.*
✗ *~~Be carefully! That water is very hot.~~*

3 Complete the sentences with a word from the box. Change the adjective to an adverb if necessary.

good easy quiet careful quick bad loud

- There was a woman speaking **loudly** on her mobile phone.
- They speak English very _____ because their mother is English.
- Be _____! I'm trying to study.
- He plays the piano very _____. It sounds awful!
- Did you listen _____ to what the teacher said?
- I did my homework _____ because I wanted to go to the cinema.
- He climbed the wall _____ because he's very tall.